



The DRANZCOG Oral Examination is an Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE). Candidates are required to complete fifteen cases each of seven minutes duration, plus three minutes reading time prior to the commencement of the case. The DRANZCOG Oral Examination is a carefully planned and highly structured examination. It is designed to test the clinical competence of a candidate in the areas of obstetrics and gynaecology.

Four of the fifteen topics listed below are Critical Skills Stations. These are identified with an asterisk (*). In addition to obtaining an overall result that equals or exceeds the pass mark for the examination, candidates will have to pass three of the four critical skills stations to achieve a pass in the examination.

Station 1 – Emergency Contraception (Actor Station)

- To assess the candidate's knowledge regarding emergency contraception, including prevention of pregnancy, appropriate follow up, screening for STIs and future contraception.

Station 2 – Gestational Diabetes (Actor Station)

- To demonstrate an understanding and management of Gestational Diabetes.

Station 3 – Instrumental Delivery*

- To assess the candidate's ability to perform an instrumental delivery.

Station 4 - Parvovirus in Pregnancy (Actor Station)

- To assess the candidate's ability to diagnose and appropriately manage the patient with parvovirus.

Station 5 – Ante-partum Haemorrhage (Phone Station)*

- To assess the candidate's knowledge and ability to manage an ante-partum haemorrhage.

Station 6 – Jaundice (Phone Station)

- To assess the candidate's ability to manage the jaundiced neonate.

Station 7 – Post-partum Haemorrhage (Phone Station)*

- To assess the candidate's ability to manage a severe post-partum haemorrhage.

Station 8 – Infertility (Actor Station)

- To determine the candidate's ability to assess and educate the patient presenting for pre-pregnancy advice.

Station 9 - Results of First Trimester Screening (Actor Station)

- To assess the candidate's knowledge regarding the interpretation of results and ongoing management of the patient with an abnormal screening test for Down's syndrome.

Station 10 - Shoulder Dystocia*

- To assess the candidate's ability to manage shoulder dystocia.

Station 11 – Urinary Incontinence (Actor Station)

- To assess the candidate's understanding of urinary incontinence, its causes and management.

Station 12 – Gestational Trophoblastic Disease/Molar Pregnancy & Pain (Actor Station)

- To assess the candidate's ability to diagnose and manage a molar pregnancy in the patient presenting with abdominal pain.

Station 13 – Hyperemesis (Actor Station)

- To assess the candidate's knowledge regarding the causes and treatment of hyperemesis.

Station 14 - Vulval Itch (Actor Station)

- To assess the candidate's ability to manage the patient presenting with a vulval itch.

Station 15 - HSV and Pregnancy (Actor Station)

- To assess the candidate's knowledge regarding HSV2 and how it relates to the management of pregnancy.