



## April 2013 Summary

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The DRANZCOG Oral Examination is an Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE). Candidates are required to complete fifteen cases each of seven minutes duration, plus three minutes reading time prior to the commencement of the case. The DRANZCOG Oral Examination is a carefully planned and highly structured examination. It is designed to test the clinical competence of a candidate in the areas of obstetrics and gynaecology.

Four of the fifteen topics listed below are Critical Skills Stations. These are identified with an asterisk (\*). In addition to obtaining an overall result that equals or exceeds the pass mark for the examination, candidates will have to pass three of the four critical skills stations to achieve a pass in the examination.

### **Station 1 – Resuscitation of a Neonate**

- To assess the candidate's ability to resuscitate a compromised neonate.

### **Station 2 – Urinary Incontinence**

- To assess the candidate's understanding of urinary incontinence, its causes and management.

### **Station 3 – Management of Miscarriage**

- To assess the candidate's ability to adequately assess and manage the patient having a miscarriage

### **Station 4 – Induction of Labour**

- To assess the candidates knowledge about induction of labour at term +10 the alternatives, the reasons, the methods and possible outcomes.

### **Station 5 – Shoulder Dystocia**

- To assess the candidates ability to manage shoulder dystocia.

### **Station 6 – Menorrhagia**

- To assess the candidate's knowledge and subsequent management of the patient presenting with menorrhagia.

### **Station 7 – Ectopic Pregnancy**

- To assess the candidates understanding of diagnostic location of an early pregnancy and subsequent management of such a patient presenting with an ectopic pregnancy.

### **Station 8 – Emergency Contraception**

- To assess the candidate's knowledge regarding emergency contraception, including prevention of pregnancy, appropriate follow up, screening for STI's and future contraception.

### **Station 9 – Eclampsia**

- To assess the candidates ability to manage an eclamptic fit.

**Station 10 – Results of First Trimester screening**

- To assess the candidates knowledge regarding the interpretation of results and ongoing management of the patient with an abnormal screening test for Downs Syndrome.

**Station 11 – Bacterial Vaginosis**

- To assess the candidates knowledge and management of bacterial vaginosis.

**Station 12 – Management of a Road Traffic Accident complicated by a placental abruption**

- To test the candidates ability to provide basic life support, circulation management and recognition and management of a placental abruption.

**Station 13 – Ovarian Torsion**

- To assess the candidates knowledge of the acute abdomen and management of ovarian torsion.

**Station 14 – Intrauterine Growth Restriction**

- To test the candidates ability to diagnose and counsel a woman with intrauterine growth restriction at term.

**Station 15 – Alpha Thalassaemia**

- To test the candidates ability to diagnose and counsel a woman who is a carrier of thalassaemia (two gene deletion)